(XLIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 2456.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1794.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety four.

BE IT ENACTED, *by the general assembly of Maryland*, That Randolph Brandt Latimer be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, until the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five.

And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state, appointed since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent is hereby authorised and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shores for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such account shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all balances due to the state on the auditor's books; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and if necessary to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding three years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerciaments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and (if necessary) sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvencies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law; and for his information of the law he may take the advice of the attorney general.

And be it enacted, That wherever there shall be occasion to expose to sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be directed for this purpose, the agent shall cause public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property; and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, into the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers and their securities from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains untold, except the property of Edmund Jennings, of the city of London, and of Thomas Digges, formerly of Maryland, but now residing in Europe, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding three years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety three, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal.

And, whereas there are still some balances due to this state upon sales of confiscated property unbonded for, and it appears to this general assembly that in some cases the purchasers are unable to make payment, and the property is becoming daily of less value, *Be it enacted*, That the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, be authorised to release any of the said purchasers who are unable to pay from their purchases, and take back the property for the use of the state; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with the said purchasers for the use of the said property, and take bonds for the same to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding three years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, always requiring an annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal; and any property taken back the said agent shall dispose of in the same manner as he is before authorised to dispose of confiscated British property untold, and to take bonds in the same manner for the purchase money, and on the same terms and terms; provided, that in no case shall the state refund any part of the principal or interest paid by such purchasers.

And be it enacted, That the governor and council be authorised, if they shall think it necessary, to require new bond and security from any debtor who has not installed, and to limit a time within which such new bond and security shall be given, and if the same be not given within the time so limited, they shall direct the said agent to cause process to issue on the bonds of such debtors, and their securities, or to proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended, as the case may require, for the whole principal and interest due from such debtors; and in all such cases it shall be lawful for the said agent, and he is hereby authorised, under the direction of the governor and council, if they shall think it to the advantage of the state, to take back the said property and dispose of the same on a credit of three years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, always requiring annual payment of interest, and equal annual payments of the principal, and in all such cases where judgments may have been obtained, and where execution may have issued or shall issue, it shall and may be lawful for the said agent, and he is hereby required to dispose of all the property of the debtors thus circumstanced, on a like credit of three years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal. And the said agent shall lay before the legislature at their next meeting, a list of all persons from whom property shall be taken back by virtue of this act, together with the amount of the former sales, and also of the sales made in virtue of this act.

And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state, for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment, agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended as aforesaid, as occasion may require.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds taken for taxes due before the first of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of seventeen hundred and sixty-nine and seventeen hundred and seventy-three.

And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days for the sale of property, taken by fieri facias at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on all the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and the council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them, respectively cause them, with the schedules annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore at the expence of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner that papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expence of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the the said clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act, to the general assembly at their next session, and shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: For all payments made to either of the treasurers on bonds for confiscated property, one per cent. for all bonds with security, taken by the said agent on resales of confiscated property in virtue of this act, two and a half per cent. for all monies collected on open account, not including fines, forfeitures and amerciaments, ordinary, retailers, marriage, hawkers and pedlars licences, which have become due since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and ninety-one, six per cent. and for all other monies or bonds, paid in or taken in virtue of this act, one and a half per cent.

And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and the council, in the penalty of twenty thousand pounds current money, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties of agent, under the act, entitled, "An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four," to the best of his skill and judgment; the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after acceptance he shall not give bond and take the oath aforesaid before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and the council are hereby authorised and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said Randolph Brandt Latimer by this act, such person first giving security and taking the oath aforesaid.

In COUNCIL, January 6, 1794.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, be inserted in Mr. Green's, Mr. Angel's and Mr. Cowan's papers, six weeks.

ORDERED, That all debtors to this state for the purchase of confiscated British property, and others who might have installed their debts under the act of assembly passed November session, 1790, entitled, An act respecting the creditors and debtors of this state, and who neglected to comply with the terms of the said act, be and they are hereby required to install all such debts on or before the first day of May next.

ORDERED, That the agent be and he is hereby required, immediately after the said first day of May next, to cause process to issue on the bonds of such debtors as shall neglect to install within the time above limitted, and their securities, or to proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended, or otherwise, as the case may require, for the recovery of the whole principal and interest due from such debtors.

By order,

JOHN KILTY, clk.

NOTICE.

THE debtors to the state of Maryland who have not availed themselves of the benefit of the different instalment laws, will be pleased to pay particular attention to the above notice given by the executive; by installing their debts they not only have a credit of three years from the first day of December last, paying one third annually, but also a considerable advantage in the purchase of paper, which will answer their purpose for payment equal with specie.

Those debtors who have installed their debts, and whose instalments became due on the first of September and December last, are respectfully informed that process will issue against *every* delinquent immediately after the 10th day of February next. It was hoped that the notice given by the agent on the 8th of January, 1793, would have been a sufficient caution to the several county clerks to induce them to make their payments for licences on the first of November annually, and their returns of fines, forfeitures, &c. &c. put into the hands of the several sheriffs for collection; there is no excuse for delay of payment by the clerks, because the money is received by them in court, and unless complete returns are made, and full payments had, by the 10th day of February next, I shall be under the disagreeable necessity of not only commencing suits, or issuing execution, as the case may require, but of proceeding against them, as the law prescribes, for neglect of duty. The several sheriffs, who are in arrears, are also informed that proceedings will be had against them immediately after the said 10th day of February next, for such balances as remain then unpaid.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent for the State of Maryland.

Annapolis, January 6, 1794.

STRASBOURG, *November* 6.

THE national commissioners, it is said, have discovered a depot of fourteen millions of livres in specie, made for the purpose of corrupting Strasbourg, and the department of the Lower Rhine.

Several domiciliary visits were made this evening, which have produced a great number of arrests. The revolutionary army parade the street night and day.

Saint Just is making use of every endeavour to put the army that covers this fortress on the most respectable footing. His repeated representations to the committee of public safety, have procured a large supply of heavy cannon, with a reinforcement of 3000 men belonging to the artillery.

Lacoste, the other national commissioner, is in this city, where he has adopted every measure necessary to induce the inhabitants to make a vigorous defence. Yesterday he visited the popular society of Strasbourg, in which he stated the means he had used to supply the army with those necessaries which they had lost at Weissemburg.

As a measure of general safety, eighty priests, and several other suspected persons, have been sent from Strasbourg to Besancon. Near an hundred women have also been sent away, because, it is supposed, that the combined armies mean to attempt the blockade of Strasbourg.

NAMUR, *November* 2.

By report of the peasants, it seems that there has been a very warm action between general Beaulieu and the French the day before yesterday, in the neighbourhood of Philipville. The loss of the Austrians alone is estimated at between two and three thousand men. Waggons are gone from hence to bring in the wounded, for whom it will be difficult to find a place, as the hospitals are already full; three large convents have also been converted into hospitals.

We have here about five thousand sick and wounded; but at Brussels the number is much more considerable; so that to find linen cloth for binding up the wounds, has become an object of difficulty in the present distressed state of the Austrian finances. In consequence of which, an advertisement was inserted in the Journal de la Guerre, inviting his majesty's loyal subjects to send rags, linen, &c. to the different hospitals.

LONDON, *November* 17.

The following curious account of our late interference with the court of Tuscany, is given in a French Gazette.

On the 8th of October last, the English minister, lord Hervey, entered the palace of the grand duke, by forcing the gate, and ordered him, on the part of lord Hood, to determine within twelve hours on breaking his neutrality with France. On leaving the palace, lord Hervey drew out his watch and said, "Sir, I shall not only count the hours but the minutes."

The council of the grand duke sent to the English minister to require his declaration in writing. He gave it nearly in these terms:

"That having several times fruitlessly informed his royal highness how much the system which he had hitherto pursued was displeasing to the British cabinet, he had now to intimate to his royal highness from lord Hood, that this system must be changed, and the French minister and all his adherents sent off with the smallest possible delay: and that the same division of the fleet which had acted at Genoa waited but his answer to steer for Leghorn, either as friends or enemies."

Terror seized on the council of Tuscany. The grand duke sent his answer to lord Hervey, "that he took with eagerness the opportunity of shewing to his Britannic majesty, the desire which he entertained of making his conduct perfectly agreeable."

On the 9th, at noon, the French resident minister received the following note from the secretary of the grand duke:

"His royal highness commands me to inform you, that after the pressing and official instances of the combined powers, he finds himself obliged to declare to you, that it is necessary to the public tranquillity, that you should depart, you and your adherents, as speedily as possible."

The citizen Laflotte answered this billet with much dignity, by demanding what security the grand duke would procure for the French citizens returning into their own country? after having received assurances that every attention should be paid to this object, he and the citizen Chauvelin took their departure.

PHILADELPHIA, *January* 31.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, dated November 5, 1793.

"Insurance upon American property, at present, cannot be done under 8 or 10 per cent. the French now take all neutral ships bound to or from an enemy's port, and the Algerines have declared war against every power that is not at war with France, which is the reason that the French are taking all neutrals—It is reported that several American ships have since been taken by the Algerines—8 or 10 per cent. may appear to you very high for insurance, but it cannot be done for less. A partner in the house of —— informed me this day, at Lloyd's, that he saw 10 per cent. given.—English ships can be done at 7 1-2 per cent. You know the insurance; therefore make the best of what you have."

Owing to the absence of three of the federal senators, who are thought to be in favour of opening the doors, it is feared the question will be lost; but one of the firm advocates of this measure has given notice, that should it not be carried, he will, every day of the session, move as a special order, that the doors be open on that day. The probability therefore is, that the people will, for some part of the session at least, be initiated into the mysteries of this august body.

The following remarks are copied from the log-book of Captain Harding, of the brig Eliza, from Liverpool: "December 21st, spoke the brigantine Mary, Aris, of Marblehead, from Bilboa, out 49 days, homeward bound. Captain Aris informed me that the Algerines had captured upwards of 50 sail of American vessels."

RICHMOND, *January* 28.

From an Augusta (Georgia) paper of December 21.

PEACE WITH THE CREEK INDIANS.

Town of Tuchabachee, on the Tallapoose river, Upper Creeks, 30th November, 1793.

SIR,

IT is with pleasure I inform your excellency, that in consequence of a meeting which I have had at this place with the chiefs of all the Creek nations, that peace and good understanding is again re-established between the United States and the said nation.

The Creeks bind themselves to deliver to me all the prisoners in their land; to restore all the negroes, horses and cattle, taken from Georgia for twelve months past; to punish capitally five or more of their aggressors. Measures are taken for carrying into effect all these desirable objects; and runners are sent in every direction to make known the news of peace, and strictly to forbid their people from injuring the persons or property of the people of your state, or of the United States.

I have therefore to request that your excellency will lose no time in promulgating this information throughout your state, thereby to prevent any outrage being offered to such Indians as may appear on your frontier belonging to this nation, whilst they conduct themselves as friends.

I have not time to be more particular at present, but shall do myself the honour of writing you again in a few days, and am, with due respect,

Your obedient, humble servant,

JAMES SEAGROVE, Agent Indian affairs, S. D. U. S.

His Excellency the Governor of Georgia.

Taken from the files of the executive.

Attest. EDW. WATTS, S. E. D.

From the KNOXVILLE GAZETTE.

On Monday the 22d ultimo, Roger Oats and Nicholas Ball were killed by Indians, near Well's station, (twenty miles from this place) as they were transporting a load of corn to the block-houses for the support of their families. This party consisted of ten at least, as that number of guns were fired; they took four horses from the waggon, and a mulatto boy, fourteen years of age, and left by the body of Mr. Oats, a speckled trading gun, which they broke to pieces over his head, of the kind with which the Spaniards and Panton have supplied many of the Creeks—Since the 17th of last September, the Indians had fired seven bullets through the cloaths of Mr. Ball, previous to the one which put a period to his existence.

Since Mr. Oats and Mr. Ball were killed, several small parties of Indians have been discovered on the borders of Knox county, supposed to be spies from a large body to examine the state of defence kept up on the frontiers.

Letters from general Robertson, of Mero district, as late as the 15th of December, mention, that the Indians have committed no depredations in that district for some time past, except stealing of twelve horses from Sumner county.

Letters from Mr. John M'Kee, dated at the foot of the Oconee mountain, frontier of South-Carolina, inform, that one of the sons of Alexander Cavil, whose family were murdered near this place on the 25th of last September, was preserved by John Watts, and is a prisoner with the Creeks—and that one of Lewes's family, who were killed in the Greasy Gove, is a prisoner among the Cherokees, in the Valley settlements.

BALTIMORE, *January* 31.

A London paper of November 13 says, "A gentleman lately arrived from Paris, and who had been several times in company with Thomas Paine, the outlaw, declares that he is in daily expectation of terminating his career by the guillotine, to which he has made up his mind. His voting to send Louis XVI. to America, is the cause assigned, which renders him a suspicious character there."

Feb. 3. The following extracts of letters, received from Mr. Pinckney, minister plenipotentiary of the United States at the court of London, were communicated, by message, from the President to Congress, on the 22d ultimo:

Extract of a letter from Thomas Pinckney to the Secretary of State, dated London, 12th of August, * 1793.

"I continue to receive assurances from him † of the desire of this government so to conduct the measures they think themselves justified in pursuing towards the neutral powers, as to render them as little detrimental to our commerce as the state of warfare existing in Europe will admit; and, on complaint of some irregularities committed by British privateers, he requested me to select some instances where the evidence is clear, in order for criminal prosecution to be instituted against the offenders, in which he promised the fullest support of the law officers of the crown—and I am now endeavouring to fix upon some strong cases, where our evidence may be sufficient to ensure conviction. I believe it to be the desire, both of the government and of the people in general here, to be upon good terms with us; but the line of conduct pursued to the neutral powers, in which I do not perceive any symptoms of relaxation, cannot but create dissatisfaction. From the department of state I generally obtain explicit answers on such subjects as they are competent to decide; but where references are made thence to other departments, which is very frequently the case, the delays are very great, especially in the business with the admiralty."

Truly extracted from the original, 22d January, 1794.

G. TAYLOR, Chief clerk in the department of state.

September 1st, 1793.

ORDERED,

That freight and reasonable expences shall be allowed to all masters of neutral carrier ships, and be a charge upon the cargoes whether condemned, or restored, or ordered for further proof of neutral property—provided always, that no mala fides, or presumption shall appear, or be justly presumed, or suspected on the part of any neutral master, and that such neutral master shall make oath that such freights are not already paid for, or engaged for to be paid, by the owners of the said cargoes, in view of every event of capture or otherwise. Demurrage shall be allowed and considered as reasonable expence, only in cases where the ship shall be pronounced to have been unjustly seized and brought in for adjudication, or bulk broken, and his majesty's instructions disobeyed, or where there has been actual and wilful damage done, and misusage of persons or property by the captors, or when the time of detention for the purpose of unloading of the cargo, or repairing such damage, shall exceed the time specified in the charter party, or when the neutral master shall not refuse or neglect to take away his ship upon bail offered to be given by the captors for freight, and reasonable expences.—That where the value of corn and naval stores sold to his majesty shall be decreed to be paid to any neutral claimant, the owner, in cases where such corn, provisions, and other naval stores, by any treaty or particular stipulation, shall be held to be not contraband, and so not confiscateable, the captor who shall have brought in such privileged ships and cargoes, in consequence of his majesty's orders and instructions, and who shall have given bail to be answerable upon delivery of the same, for freight and reasonable expences in case the same shall be allowed, shall be discharged from his bail, but that the freight and such reasonable expences shall be decreed to be added to the price of the cargo, and to be paid for, by his majesty to the neutral owner, in cases of restitution, and in cases of condemnation shall be added in like manner, to the price of the cargo, and paid to the captor by his majesty.

Freights, and reasonable expences, where captors and claimants cannot agree, shall be referred to be settled by the deputy register, and merchants appointed by the court; the report, nevertheless, shall be subject to revival by order of the court, upon objection made by either party.

A true copy of the original, January 22, 1794.

G. TAYLOR, Chief clerk in the department of state.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 6.

Extract of a letter from a merchant in London, to Mr. Osmond of Philadelphia, dated October 9, 1793, *received by the way of New-York.*

"I am much pleased to confirm to you the disposition of this government to do justice to American citizens. The 1300l. you shipped, in dollars, by the Active, Captain Blair, who was captured by a British privateer, and carried into Falmouth, has been delivered to me on demand. You see, by this, that your having been a subject of France does not prevent you in the least from enjoying all the advantages of neutrality, in common with other American citizens; and I have no doubt, from this time, severe judgments will be obtained against all depredations committed upon the property of American subjects."

The following toasts were drank at an entertainment given by the Americans at Bourdeaux to citizens Ysabeau and Tallien, representatives of the people:

The two republics, France and America; may they be united to the end of time.

By the Americans:

Success to the arms of the republic of France—may terror strike the slaves who oppose them.

By citizens Ysabeau and Tallien:

America—may the world follow her example.

A Further Supplement to the act concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Washington.

BE *it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the certificates granted, or which may be granted, by the said commissioners, or any two of them, to purchasers of lots in the said city, with acknowledment of the payment of the whole purchase money, and interest, if any shall have arisen thereon, and recorded agreeably to the directions of the act concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Washington, shall be sufficient and effectual to vest the legal estate in the purchasers, their heirs and assigns, according to the import of such certificates, without any deed or formal conveyance.

And be it enacted, That on sales of lots in the said city by the said commissioners, or any two of them, under terms or conditions of payment being made therefor at any day or days after such contract entered into, if any sum of the purchase money or interest shall not be paid for the space of thirty days after the same ought to be paid, the commissioners, or any two of them, may sell the same lots at public vendue in the

* *Probably a mistake.*

† *Minister for foreign affairs.*

city of Washington, at any time after sixty days notice of such sale, in some of the public news-papers of George-town and Baltimore-town, and retain in their hands sufficient of the money produced by such new sale to satisfy all principal and interest due on the first contract, together with the expences of advertisements and sale, and the original purchaser, or his assigns, shall be entitled to receive from the said commissioners, at their treasury, on demand, the balance of the money which may have been actually received by them, or under their order, on the said second sale; and all lots, so sold, shall be freed and acquitted of all claim, legal and equitable, of the first purchaser, his heirs and assigns.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners aforesaid, or any two of them, may appoint a certain day for the allotment and assignment of one half of the quantity of each lot of ground in Carrollsburgh and Hamburgh, not before that time divided or assigned, pursuant to the said act concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Washington, and on notice thereof in the Annapolis, some one of the Baltimore, the Easton, and George-town news-papers, for at least three weeks, the same commissioners may proceed to the allotment and assignment of ground within the said city, on the day appointed for that purpose, and thereon proceed at convenient times till the whole be finished, as if the proprietors of such lots actually resided out of this state; provided, that if the proprietor of any such lot shall object in person, or by writing delivered to the commissioners, against their so proceeding as to his lot, before they shall have made an assignment of ground for the same, then they shall forbear as to such lot, and may proceed according to the before-mentioned act.

And be it enacted, That the said commissioners may make a seal of office of the clerk for recording deeds within the district of Columbia, which shall be kept by him; and that the like fees shall be paid for, and the like credit shall be given to, certificates under that seal, as to the like acts under the seal of a county court, and the said clerk shall be entitled to demand and receive his fees when the services enjoined him by this act, and the act to which this is a further supplement, shall be performed.

*** A few copies of the MILITIA LAW to be sold at the Printing-office. Price One quarter of a Dollar.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of Mr. Lock Chew, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, at his late dwelling, near Herring-Bay, on Thursday the 27th day of February next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, on a credit,

THE following PROPERTY belonging to the estate of the deceased; sundry valuable horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, household furniture, plantation utensils, the crop of tobacco as it lays in the houses, and a quantity of wheat in the straw.

RICHARD CHEW, Executor.

January 26, 1794.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Friday the 28th day of February, if fair, if not the first fair day, for cash, at the late dwelling plantation of Waxmack Brashears,

SUNDRY NEGROES, consisting of one woman, girls and boys.

Once more we request all persons having claims against the estate of the said Brashears to exhibit them on the day of sale, legally authenticated, for payment, and all who are any ways indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, to

LEVY BRASHEARS, } Executors.
JESSE BRASHEARS, }

February 4, 1794.

City of Washington.

January 30, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commissioners, appointed by virtue of the act of congress for establishing the temporary and permanent seat of the government of the United States, will meet at their office, on Thursday the twentieth day of March next, and will then proceed, agreeable to the late act of assembly, in the allotment and assignment of one half of the quantity of each lot of ground in Carrollsburgh and Hamburgh.

By order of the Commissioners,

T. JOHNSON, jun. Cl.

City of Washington.

January 31, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a late meeting of the commissioners, appointed by virtue of the act of congress for establishing the temporary and permanent seat of the government of the United States, I am desired and empowered, on application of mechanics, or those who are prepared to erect buildings in the city of Washington, to inform them that permission will be given to set up temporary wooden houses for the accommodation of workmen.

JAMES HOBAN.

L O S T,

A GOLD WATCH, the maker's name upon the dial Barnes, or Birnes, with a neat gold chain and a small gold key. Ten Dollars Reward will be given for said watch, upon its being delivered to Mr. Evans. All watch-makers, and others, are requested to stop it if offered for sale.

Annapolis, February 5, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next county court of Anne-Arundel county, for commissions to mark and bound the lines of two separate tracts of land, lying in Anne-Arundel county, one called Lockwood's Adventure, (Patapsco hundred) the other called Bachelor's Hall, lying on Elk-Ridge, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed November session, 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

RICHARD HOPKINS.

Anne-Arundel county, January, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I shall apply to the next county court of Anne-Arundel county, for a commission to mark and bound the first, second, and third lines of a tract of land called Holland's Choice, lying in Anne-Arundel county, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed November session, 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

NICHOLAS FORRESTER.

Anne-Arundel county, January 28, 1794.

The White House Tavern, at Elk-Ridge Landing, to be rented or sold, and entered on immediately.

THAT noted STAND for a TAVERN, at Elk-Ridge Landing, well known by the name of The WHITE HOUSE, formerly occupied by major Richard Dorsey; it is sixty feet in length, and twenty four in breath, has eight rooms, six of them with a fire place in each, a cellar the length of the house, a large kitchen thirty-four by eighteen feet, meat house, stable, with ground, under good fence, for a garden and pasture. None need apply but such as can and will keep a good and orderly house; for the encouragement of such a one, that will take a lease for a term of years, I will let them have it one year rent free, and at a moderate rent afterwards; they may depend upon having of boarders the instant they open the house. Application to be made to

PATRICK MACGILL.

January 27, 1794.

N O T I C E.

IN pursuance of a decree of the chancery court, the creditors of JOSEPH WALKER, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are informed, that their respective claims, with the vouchers and proofs thereof, must be exhibited to the chancellor before the first day of May next, in order that he may ascertain the sum necessary to be raised by the sale of the real estate of the said Joseph Walker, for the payment of his debts.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

January 28, 1794.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of RICHARD WATKINS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims are desired to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be settled.

JOSEPH WATKINS, Acting Executor.

January 28, 1794.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Chaptico, which will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first of April next.

MR. JOHN EDEN, mercht. (2), Francis Hamersley, Esq. (5), Reuben Craig, Dr. Will. H. Roach, Mr. Luke V. Barber, Chaptico; Mr. George Reeder, Mr. John Blakistone, St. Mary's county; Thomas Contee, Esq; Nottingham; Mr. George Burroughs, near Benedict.

J. B. GRINDALL.

Chaptico, January, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to prefer a petition to the next Charles county court, for a commission to mark and bound the following tracts of land, viz. Friendship, Run at a Venture, and Laurel Branch, or such other tracts or parcels of land as may thereunto relate or depend, agreeably to an act of assembly in such cases made and provided.

THOMAS H. MARSHALL,
THOMAS MARSHALL.

January 3, 1794.

The subscriber having lately made sale of part of the late Robert Bradly Tyler's personal estate to discharge his just debts, and finding the amount insufficient, and being desirous to make provisions for paying all just claims against the estate, will, on Monday the tenth day of February next, at the subscriber's house, sell, to the highest bidder,

ABOUT THIRTY NEGROES, amongst which are six very likely able bodied young men, well acquainted with all kind of plantation business, particularly the management of tobacco, several handsome boys and girls, sundry young women with and without children, and some valuable house servants. Twelve months credit will be given, on the purchasers giving bond on interest with approved security. The sale to commence precisely at 12 o'clock.

DRYDEN TYLER, Administratrix.

January 15, 1794.

Two-pence Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 17th of December last, an apprentice, a shoe-maker by trade, named JOSEPH FRY. Any person delivering him to me shall receive the above reward.

BENJAMIN WARD.

Piscataway, January 16, 1794.

SUBSCRIPTIONS for EDWARDS's DAILY ADVERTISER, taken in by the PRINTERS hereof.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the first day of April next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

WILLIAM ALLEIN, Calvert county.

Mrs. F. Bryce, James Butcher, Adam Boyer, capt. Robert Boyce, Robert Butler, James Boyce Turner, care of Thomas Dell, Mr. Bogwell, Annapolis; Matthew and John Beard (2), Beard's Point; Benjamin S. Benton, Humphrey Belt, Patuxent; Silas Byus, Lower Marlborough.

The Clerk of the Honourable the Senate, The Clerk of the Honourable the House of Delegates, John Callahan, Jeremiah T. Chase, Zachariah Cox, care of John Muir, capt. Nathl. Chew, care of William Pinkney, Robert Couden, James Cocks, Hugh Champion, Annapolis; Lawson Clark, Queen Ann; major Richard Chew, Samuel Chapple, Anne-Arundel county.

John Davidson, Gabriel Duvall (5), Madame De Faversange, George Digges, Dawson and Co. Thomas Daiziel, Annapolis; Mary Duke, Calvert county.

Edward Edelen (2), Annapolis; Peter Emerson (3), Matthew Evershield, Patuxent.

Peregrine Fitzhugh, Benjamin Fairbairne, Annapolis.

Stephen Girard (2), Archibald Golder, Frederick and Samuel Green (2), Monsieur Georger, Annapolis; rev. Edward Gantt, Calvert county; Erasmus Gant, Patuxent.

Alexander Contee Hanson (3), George Hogarth, Zebn. Hollingsworth, Aquila Hall, Annapolis; Thos. Hoye, Patuxent.

Thomas Jennings, Daniel Jennifer, Abraham Jarrel, Annapolis.

Morris Kensne, Annapolis; William King, Patuxent.

Monsieur M. Leremboure, James Lloyd, Annapolis; major Thomas Lansdale, Robert Lamar, Queen-Anne; John Langly, Cedar Point; Eleanor Anne Lee, Blenheim.

Rev. Walter M'Pherson, Luther Martin, Hugh M'Guier, James Mather, M'Grath and Godwin, Annapolis; Edmond Mitchell, West river; Benjamin Mackall, Patuxent.

James Priestley, Annapolis.

Dr. Thomas Rogers, Thomas Rheader, Archd. Robinson, Margaret Reid, care of Dr. Scott, Richard Richardson, care of James Mackubin, Annapolis.

Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county; Benjamin Stoddart, major Thomas Smyth, Seth Sweetser (2), capt. John Stanley, Gustavus Scott, James Shaw (2), V. Stephens (2), Annapolis; capt. Scott, Annapolis-Royal; William Somerville, St. Mary's county; Thomas Smart, Tapp; Thomas Sansbury, Thomas Snowden, Patuxent.

William Taylor, care of capt. Leonard, Hill's, Delight.

Charlotte Vallette, Mr. Vermonet (3), Annapolis.

Simon Wilmer, Richard Wells (2), Oliver Whiddon, William Wilson, Annapolis; Brice T. B. Worthington, near Annapolis; Joseph Wilkinson, Hunting-town; Samuel T. Wilson, Charles Walker, Patuxent; William Wright, East-Nottingham.

Joshua Yates, South river.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

N. B. No letters delivered without the money.

January 1, 1794.

Pursuant to the directions of the orphans court of Prince-George's county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 11th day of February next, at the plantation of the late Dr. Leonard Holliday, near Nottingham, if fair, if not the first day,

ALL the personal property of the said Dr. Leonard Holliday, as also all the NEGROES belonging to the estate of the late Leonard Holliday, jun. for the purpose of paying the just debts due from the said estates. The property consists of sixty or seventy very valuable SLAVES, men, women, boys and girls, among the former are two good carpenters, and others accustomed to work as such, and several valuable plantation men that are well acquainted with both planting and farming. Among the women are several valuable house servants that are well acquainted with washing and ironing. The boys and girls are very active handsome young negroes. A large stock of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and a variety of household furniture and plantation utensils.

And on Monday the 24th of February, if fair, if otherwise the first fair day, at Buzzard Island, in Calvert county, will be exposed to public sale, a very considerable stock, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, together with various articles of household furniture and plantation utensils, being part of the personal property of the said Leonard Holliday, jun. lately deceased. All which will be sold upon a credit of twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with good security, such as shall be approved, by

WALTER B. COX, Administrator of Dr. Leonard Holliday, and administrator de bonis non of Leonard Holliday, jun.

The creditors of Dr. Leonard Holliday and Leonard Holliday, jun. are requested to produce their claims, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to me, as I am determined to close the administration by the time limited by law.

WALTER B. COX, Administrator of Dr. Leonard Holliday, and administrator de bonis non of Leonard Holliday, jun.

Nottingham, December 20, 1793.

A LIST of LETTERS in the Post-Office, Upper Marlborough, which, if not taken up before the first of April, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Calvert county.
Walter Addison, 2 letters, Oxen Hill.
Allen Bowie.
Edward Buteler.
William D. Beall, sheriff P. G. county, 2 letters.
Ben. Berry, P. G county.
John E. Barry, Calvert county.
Robt. Bowie.
Miss Nancy Baker, P. G. county.
Walter Bowie, near Queen-Anne, P. G. county.
Messr. John Boiles and Co. merchts. Stower's-town.
Thomas Carradine, Queen-Anne county.
Rev. Thomas J. Clagett, 5 letters.
Walter S Chandler.
Joseph Crois.
Miss Carmichael, Queen-Anne's county.
Thomas Contee, 6 letters.
Mary Digges, Melwood.
Jacob Duckett, 2 letters.
Martin Fields Taylor.
Thomas Gleeson.
Doct. Gray, Calvert county.
James Gerutt, near Magruder ferry.
Thomas Harwood, Lower Marlbro', Calvert county.
Ben. Hellen, Calvert county.
Thomas S. Hodgkins, Nottingham.
Henry Hill, sen.
John Hepburn.
Mrs. Maria Heermance.
John H. Hall.
Mrs. Halkerson.
Rinaldo Johnson, 5 letters.
Ezekiel Jacobs.
James M'Intire, care of John Jones, Esq; Lower Marbro'.
Mrs. Keown, at Mr. Mark Edger, merchr. Alexandria.
Major Thomas Lansdale, near Queen-Anne.
James Mewburn, Nottingham.
Benjn. Mitchill, East-Nottingham.
Messr. Magruder and Tyler.
William Mudee, or his brother.
Joshua Merryman, Esq; Upper Marlbro'.
John R. Magruder.
Rev. Joseph Messenger.
Charles Nevitt.
Miss Charty Palmer.
Henry Rozer, Esq;
Capt. Mathias Richmond.
Doct. Clement Smith.
Thomas Snowden, Esq; Patuxent Iron Works.
Barnard Shanly.
Miller Southgate, Nottingham.
Robt. Sewell.
Joseph Sprigg, Esq; Calvert county.
Michal Tauny, Esq; Calvert county.
James Wharfe, at Rinaldo Johnson, 2 letters.
Sam. Tyler.
James Tilghman, Esq; Milfield, Queen-Anne county.
Gaberel Vanhorn, P. G. county, 2 letters.
Nat. C. Weems, 2 letters.
Edward L. Wailes, Esq;
Mareen D. Walker.
Capt. Charles Williams.
James Fenly West, Nottingham.
Messr. Wilkerson and Moore, merchts. Huntington.
William M. Wilkerson, Charles county.
Thomas Wright, Queen-Anne county.
Robt. Young, mercht. Nottingham, 3 letters.

SAM. HAMILTON, D. P. M.
January 16, 1794.

Patowmack Company.

THE stockholders in the PATOWMACK COMPANY are required to pay five pounds, sterling, on each share by them held, to the treasurer, in Alexandria, on or before the first day of March next.

By order of the directors.
WM. HARTSHORNE, Treasurer.
Alexandria, 15th January, 1794.

ALL persons having balances due them on tobacco, shipped to the address of Messieurs WILLIAM ANDERSON and Co. of LONDON, per my procuration, are desired to take notice, that it is necessary their bills on said company should be endorsed by me, or they will not be paid.

All those indebted to said company, for transactions through my agency, are *earnestly requested* to make immediate payment; and, in order to accommodate such as may find it more convenient to discharge their balances at Elk-Ridge-Landing, during the present inspection of tobacco, they will please to take notice, that I have furnished Mr. EDWARD GWINN with a list of balances, and copies of each person's account, who is authorised to settle with such as may apply.

The subscriber is instructed to require a strict observance to this notice, and he flatters himself it will be duly attended to and complied with, without further trouble or delay; but if, contrary to his wish and expectation, it should be neglected, he will be under the disagreeable necessity of commencing suits against all delinquents, without the least discrimination, after the first day of September next.

THOROWGOOD SMITH, Agent and attorney in fact for WILLIAM ANDERSON and Co.
July 1, 1793.

WANTED,

A MULATTO YOUTH from seventeen to twenty years of age. A generous price will be given for one who can be well recommended for honesty and sobriety. Inquire of the PRINTERS.

PROPOSALS

For PUBLISHING a PERIODICAL WORK, to be entitled,

The MONTHLY MIRROR; or, MARYLAND MUSEUM.

I. IT shall contain a pleasing variety of interesting and entertaining subjects, calculated to improve as well as amuse the mind. The most approved selections from different authors, both ancient and modern, either of Europe or America, will form a part of this work; likewise, the newest improvements and discoveries that have or may be made, within the present century, in each art and science.

II. Extracts from various writers on *Religion, Philosophy, Laws, Physic*, and *Divinity*, shall also compose a part of this work.—A space will be assigned for the debates of congress—the debates of the British house of commons—a complete register of foreign and domestic news—essays—poetry—marriages—deaths, &c. &c.

III. Farmers, millers, and mechanics, shall be gratified with a particular description of such methods and machinery as are now in use among the most experienced in the above branches of business, in this country and in Europe.

IV. It shall comprise forty-eight octavo pages, neatly printed, and stitched in blue paper.—Price to subscribers *Twenty Shillings* per annum; others who purchase will have to pay *Twenty-two Shillings* and *Six-pence*, or *a Quarter of a Dollar* each number.

V. As soon as 400 subscribers are procured, this work shall be put to press, and a number delivered regularly in the first week of every month.* Eight pages will be assigned for ADVERTISEMENTS, which may be of peculiar advantage to the manufacturing and trading part of the community in every state in the union; as it is expected to meet with a general circulation throughout the continent, and serve as a vehicle of useful information and instruction to every citizen in the United States.

IT is needless to say much in favour of a publication of this nature.—The utility and convenience of a work of this kind must appear obvious to every person the least acquainted with polite literature, and a general knowledge of the world.—It will contribute towards the stock of necessary information, respecting mercantile affairs, manufactures, agriculture, and commerce; and is meant to convey pleasure as well as profit to those who shall patronise this work.—Readers, of every denomination, shall occasionally be furnished with sketches of real life, and the utmost exertions shall be made to render it as useful a publication as any ever attempted in this country.

Subscriptions are taken in by the publisher PHILIP EDWARDS, JAMES RICE, and AMBROSE CLARK, in Baltimore.

☞ The printers throughout the United States are earnestly requested to give these proposals a place in their news-papers, which will very much oblige their most obedient humble servant,

PHILIP EDWARDS.

Baltimore, June 28, 1793.

N. B. Those subscribers who live at a distance from Baltimore, shall have their books forwarded by the earliest and cheapest conveyance, but at their own risque and expence.

* Half the subscription money to be paid on the delivery of the first number.

BY the commissioners appointed to prepare the PUBLIC BUILDINGS, &c. within the CITY of WASHINGTON, for the reception of CONGRESS, and for their permanent residence after the year 1800.

SCHEME OF THE LOTTERY, No. II.

For the improvement of the FEDERAL CITY.

		Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 A magnificent dwelling-house,	}	20,000, & cash	30,000, are	50,000
1 ditto	-	15,000, & cash	25,000, are	40,000
1 ditto	-	15,000, & cash	15,000, are	30,000
1 ditto	-	10,000, & cash	10,000, are	20,000
1 ditto	-	5,000, & cash	5,000, are	10,000
1 ditto	-	5,000, & cash	5,000, are	10,000
1 Cash prize of		- - -		10,000
2 ditto	-	5,000 each,	are -	10,000
10 ditto	-	1,000,	are -	10,000
20 ditto	-	500,	are -	10,000
100 ditto	-	100,	are -	10,000
200 ditto	-	50,	are -	10,000
400 ditto	-	25,	are -	10,000
1,000 ditto	-	20,	are -	20,000
15,000 ditto	-	10,	are -	150,000
16,739 Prizes.				
33,261 Blanks.				
50,000 Tickets, at 8 dollars each, are				400,000

By this lottery the commissioners will be enabled to give an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the city of Washington.—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, after the manner described in the scheme for the hotel-lottery.

N. B. The sales of the tickets in the lottery, No. II, are deferred till after the drawing of the Hotel-lottery, commencing on the 9th day of September next.

S. BLODGET, Agent for the affairs of the city.
May 20, 1793.

To be SOLD,

A LARGE and valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 450 acres, lying in Calvert county, sixty-five miles from Baltimore-town, thirty-five miles from Annapolis, three miles from the inspecting house, at Hunting-town, (and two miles from the Chesapeake bay, commanding a beautiful prospect of the same) there are about 150 acres of wood, consisting of white oak, hickory and poplar, about forty acres of prime meadow ground, which may be cleared with very little trouble or expence, a large and thriving apple orchard of excellent fruit, and a number of other fruit trees; two tobacco houses, one of which is entirely new. Any person inclining to view the property, will be shewn it by applying to Mr. GIDEON DARE, merchant, Calvert county, who will make known the terms of sale. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber at his cabinet-manufactory, in Gay-street, Baltimore.

WILLIAM HARRIS.

WHEREAS the PARTNERSHIP of W. ALLEN and SON, being, on the 16th November, 1792, dissolved, and neither of them not carrying on the snuff business, the subscriber begs leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that he is now carrying on the manufactory of snuff, in all its various branches, where they formerly did, when he shall be ready and happy to furnish their friends and the public, with a quantity of snuff, upon the shortest notice, and doubts not but to find a generous public will encourage their country manufactory.

WILLIAM ALLEN, junior.
Raleigh's Plant, Calvert county,
December 18th, 1793.

ALL persons having just claims against the estate of the late captain JUDSON COOLIDGE, of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to bring them in legally authenticated, on or before the first day of March next, that they may be adjusted; and all those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and it is earnestly wished that this notice may be attended to, or suits will be commenced without respect to persons.

SAMUEL JUDSON COOLIDGE,
Administrator de bonis non.
December 5, 1793.

STOLEN last night from my stable, in Hagerstown, a deep sorrel HORSE, but at this season looks like a bay, 7 or eight years old, about 14 hands high, trots and paces, smooth shod, has a small white spot between his eyes, a white spot on each side of his back, and another on the hinder part of his off buttock, occasioned by a hurt, and has a bushy tail considerably rubbed towards the root. Whoever takes up horse and thief shall receive four dollars reward and reasonable charges.

STEWART HERBERT.
Hagerstown, December 29, 1793.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 900 acres, in the county of Harrison, and state of Virginia, within a few miles of the town of Clarksburgh. For terms apply to

JESSE DEWEES.
Annapolis, December 4, 1793.

Upper Marlborough, January 8, 1794.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public and his friends in general, that he has opened the TAVERN lately occupied by Mr. SAMUEL HAMILTON, where, he hopes by his attention to business, he will merit their favour.

J. HALKERSTON.

In CHANCERY, January 3, 1794.

NICHOLAS BOONE, an insolvent debtor, late in the custody of the sheriff of Prince-George's county, having, on his petition to the chancellor, been brought before the chancellor, and having taken the oath prescribed by the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the body of said Boone having, according to the said act, been discharged from imprisonment; it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the creditors of the said Boone appear before him in person, or by their agent or attorney, in the chancery-office, on the first day of March next, for the purpose of proposing to the said Boone any interrogatories which they, or any of them, may think proper, and of recommending to the chancellor some person to be trustee of the property of the said Boone, for the benefit of his creditors. Ordered further, that notice be given by the said Boone to said creditors to attend for the purposes aforesaid, by having a copy of this order inserted in the Maryland Gazette, and continued therein three weeks.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of BENJAMIN WRIGHT, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all those who are in any manner indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, to

PHILIP HAMMOND, Executor.
Head of Severn, January 22, 1794.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.